



Evolution of data and scientific requirements

Human Health

Moderator



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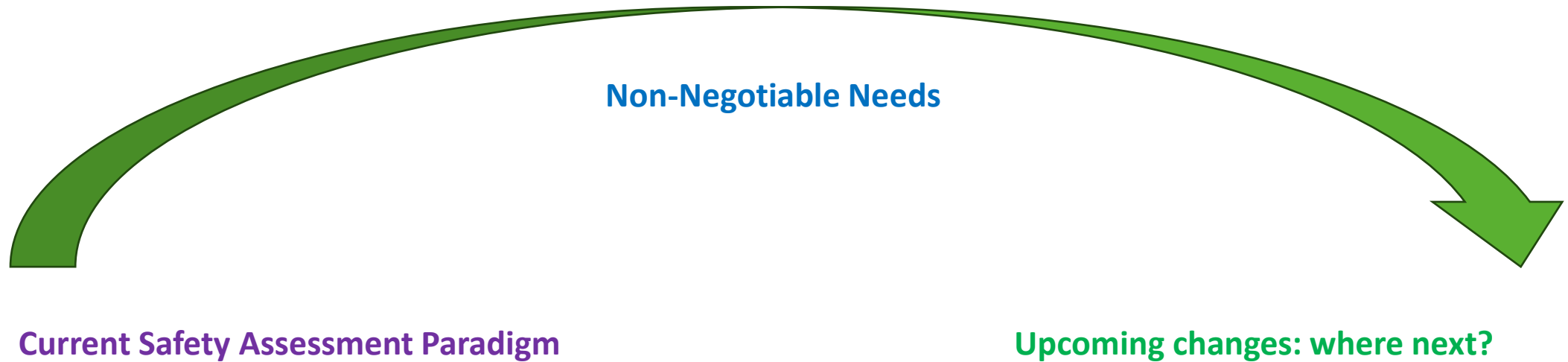
Evolution of data and scientific requirements

Human Health

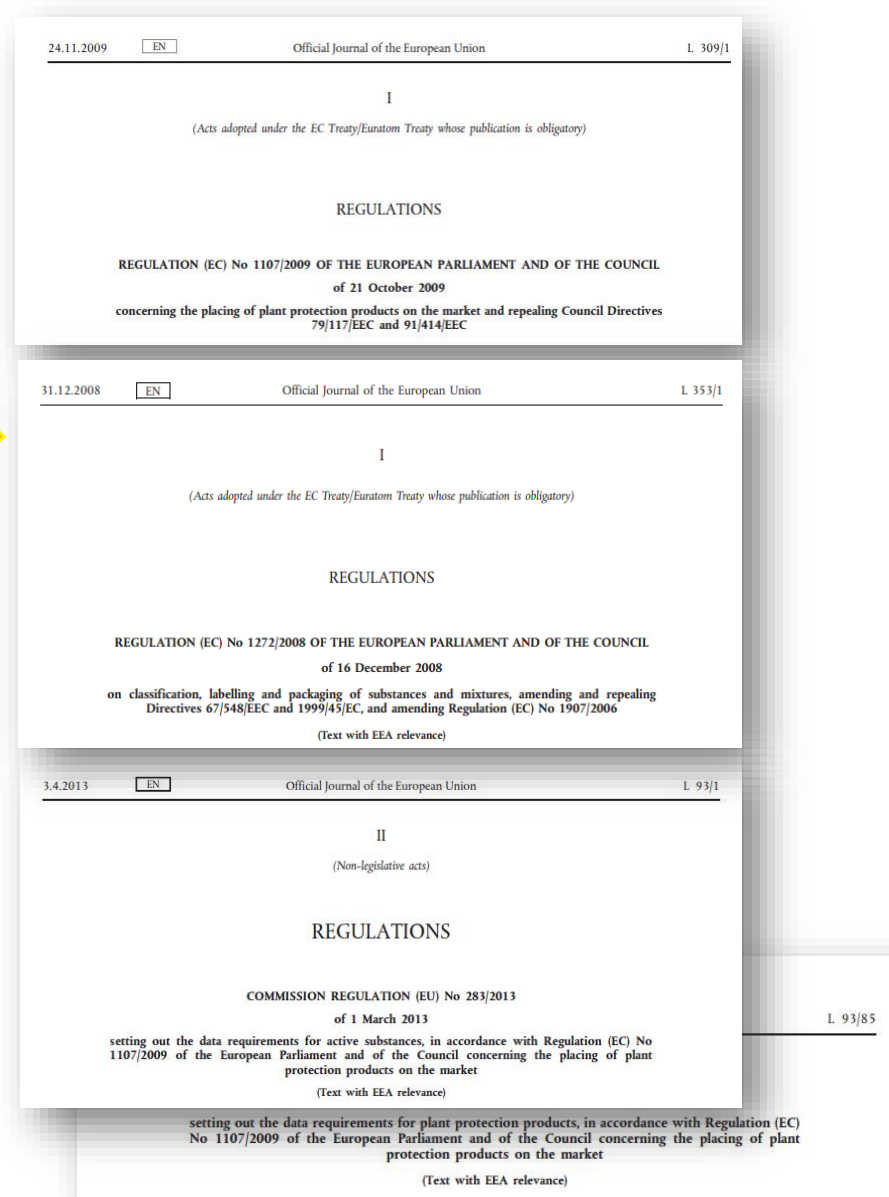
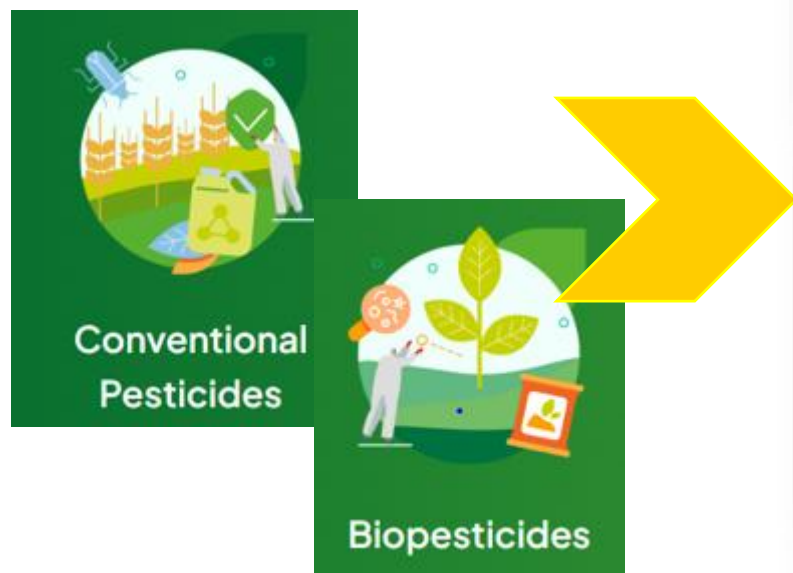
06 March 2024, Birgit Neumann, Marco
Corvaro

Setting the scene

Background: Agricultural crop protection (conventional and biological) and safety sciences are undergoing huge advancements. The adequacy of current regulatory frameworks to accommodate implementation of innovation and perspectives for possible future approaches are debated within in the session.



Current Regulatory System

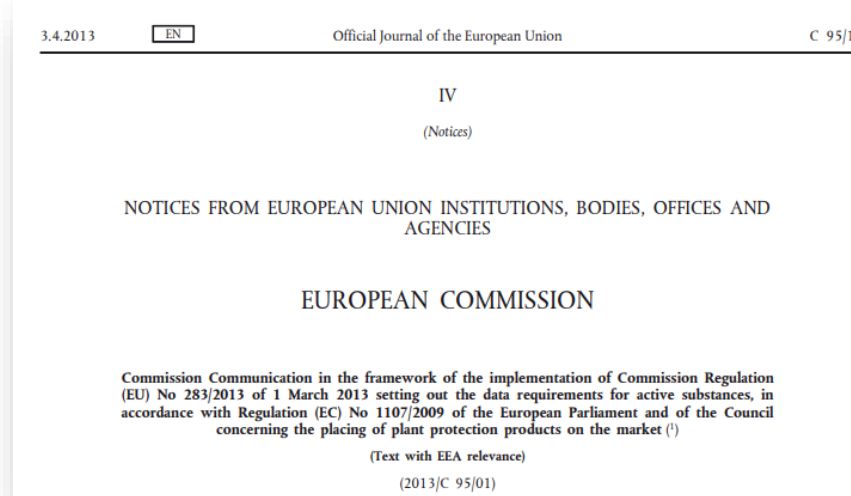
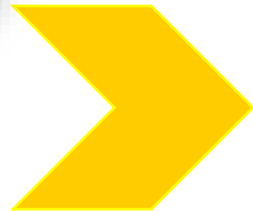


- **Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:**
CLP
- **Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009:**
assessment and approval
criteria of conventional
pesticides, safener, synergists,
microbials based on hazard-
based cutoffs and risk
assessment
- **Regulation (EC) No 283/2013:**
data requirements for active
substances, microbials
- **Regulation (EC) No 284/2014:**
data requirements for products

Current intricate data requirements; however, assessment moving to based on weight of evidence



Regulation (EC) No 283/2013: sets out data requirements for active substances, microbials



- Supplemental to Reg. (EC) 283/2013: COM Communication and numerous guidance for the generation of data, their evaluation and specific assessments needs
- Interdependence of different studies, results, information needed to support WoE approaches (example ED)

Some observations:

- Box-checking list of requirements with limited opportunity for testing strategy discussion and targeted testing
- Animal intensive programs
- Specific assessment needs not identified in regulation
- Individual active substance approval isolated from product approval
- Risk envelopes possibilities, limited application
- Risk benefit analysis?

Is our current regulatory system fit to accommodate innovation and targeted safety assessments?

❖ **Food Production & Crop Protection Innovation and Life-Cycle Management:**

- New technologies to be addressed, e.g. diversity of biologic solutions, precision/digital technologies, less exposure, targeted and integrated solutions

❖ **Innovative Scientific tools for safety assessment promoted by EU and international research programs and agencies:**

- New tools for data generation; non-animal testing options; modeling; ability to evaluate larger data sets, ... etc.

• **Upcoming Regulatory Changes in EU Safety Legislation:**

- Changes in safety regulation (e.g. OSOA; NGRARoute and «need to know»-based assessments; with increased use of tiered approaches and testing triggers)

Foundational

❖ Non-negotiable:

- Maintain equal or higher level of protection
- Address socio-economic needs for safety assessment
- Ensure dialogue to promote flexibility and uptake of risk/safety assessment approaches
- Reliability/validity of methods

Bringing it all together

Debate point: is the current regulatory frameworks adequate to accommodate implementation of fast-paced innovation in agriculture and safety science?

Non-Negotiable Needs

Maintain equal or higher level of protection

Address socio-economic needs for safety assessment

Ensure dialogue to promote flexibility and uptake of risk/safety assessment approaches

Current Safety Assessment Paradigm

- ❖ Box-ticking list of requirements
 - ❖ Animal intensive programs
- ❖ Assessment needs not identified in regulation
- ❖ No dialogue opportunity for testing strategies
- ❖ Active substance approval isolated from products
 - ❖ Risk envelopes use limited
 - ❖ Risk benefit analysis?

Upcoming changes: where next?

- ❖ New technologies in Food Production & Crop Protection
 - ❖ New scientific tools for safety assessment
- ❖ Upcoming Regulatory Changes in EU Safety Legislation



Thank You

Charge Questions for the panel/moderator

- ❖ Conceptual - What flexibility on data requirements and registration process is needed for a regulatory framework to empower future agricultural technologies and advancements in safety science?
- ❖ Conceptual - What are resources-benefits of a system based on a critical “need to know”-based information requirement?
 - How can such a concept provide regulatory certainty and predictability in terms of outcomes and timelines for all stakeholders?
- ❖ What procedural mechanisms can enable a robust regulatory process that supports the implementation of innovation (agriculture/safety) and incentivizes stakeholder trustful dialogue?
 - Additional dialogue opportunities exists in other regulatory framework (for example but not limited to: data package pre-assessment, data call-in and risk envelopes across all available formulations at renewals, ... etc.)